Fiscal Year 2024-2025 Draft Budget

Community Advisory Committee

May 13, 2024





Background & Discussion

- Every year in June, Ava Board of Directors approves the following fiscal year budget
- The Budget covers the overall general categories of
 - Revenues from Operations
 - Energy Operating Expenses
 - Services to facilitate
 - Energy Operations Overhead
 - Non-Operating Revenues
 - Non-Operating Expenses
- The Budget typically goes through a few rounds of review prior to BOD approval in June, with a full review in the May meeting along with review from subcommittees—typically the Finance, Administrative, and Procurement Subcommittee and the Executive Committee
 - Staff is reviewing the draft budget with the Exec Comm (5/1), FAP (5/8), and board (5/15)
- Revenues are made from sales of energy to customers and rates are indexed to PG&E cost of service rates as approved by the CPUC
- Costs are typically 90% energy expenses with overhead and Local Development funding comprising nearly the remaining 10%



How Ava Works—Energy Delivery

- Ava sells energy directly to its customers by procuring energy through various market mechanisms and scheduling delivery into California Independent Service Operator (CAISO)
- Ava is not responsible for transmission or delivery of the commodity; this is a service retained by PG&E
- Per Ava's risk management policy, much of the expected load is procured and hedged in advance across energy, RECs, and Resource Adequacy
- Ava schedules it's forecasted load with CAISO on a day-ahead basis and real-time basis
 - This is done regardless of the amount of energy hedges that Ava has procured
 - The CAISO is California's regional market balancing authority whose primary purpose is to keep the energy being pulled off the grid balanced by energy being put on the grid to prevent grid damage or area shortages



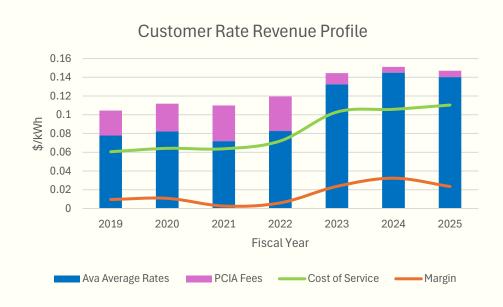
How Ava Works—Revenues & Rates

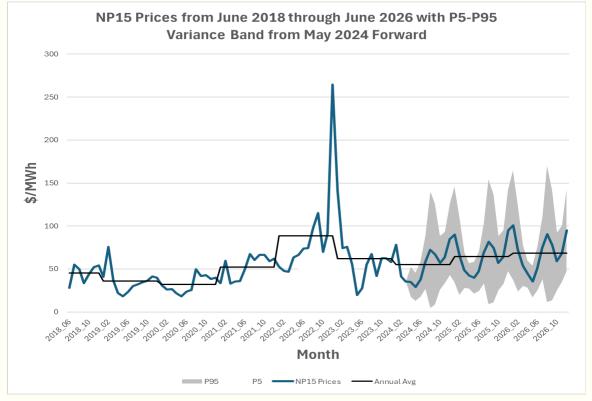
- Ava's generation rates to customers are indexed to PG&E's
 - PG&E's rates are approved by the CPUC and are cost of service derived
- A portion of these approved rates are a pass-through charge to PG&E for the PCIA
 - The PCIA is PG&E recovery for long-term sunk costs for customers that have moved to Ava.

• PCIA rates are based on an annual mark-to-market value of the costs, and are relative to the year of

customer migration

• Higher prices = lower PCIA







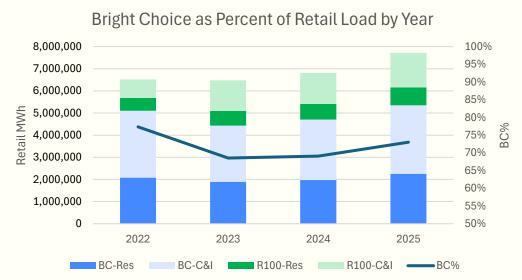
How Ava Works—Billing Cycle

- Revenues are made from sales of energy to customers based on generation rates that are indexed to PG&E cost of service rates as approved by the CPUC
- PG&E will read Ava customer meters to monitor consumption. These reads are then reported to Ava and its Billing data manager
- The consumption data is processed to generate billing amounts based on Ava's rates and then sent back to PG&E, who then issues the bills and collects payments on Ava's behalf
- PG&E's bundled customers and unbundled (Ava) customers also pay a power charge indifference adjustment (PCIA) and minor system fees. These are collected by PG&E from customer revenues and retained prior to payment distribution to Ava.
 - Additionally, all PG&E bundled and unbundled customers are charged a Transmission & Distribution cost
- A billing cycle is typically about three months, meaning it takes about three months for Ava to receive payment from a customer's consumption
 - Consumption occurs in the first month
 - A bill is issued in the second month
 - Payment is due in the third month



How Ava Works—Revenues & Rates

- Ava provides two energy products to customers and each product has a specific value proposition to Ava's customers:
 - Renewable 100: 100% of the energy is from renewable resources
 - Originally set at \$0.01/kWh above PG&E and has migrated down as Ava financials improved
 - Currently priced at \$0.0025/kWh above PG&E rates
 - Bright Choice: Ava's basic product and is currently 81% from carbon free resources
 - Originally set at 1.5% discount to PG&E, reduced to a 1% discount in 2021, and increased to a 3% discount in 2022
 - The latest adjustment was to a 5% discount to PG&E rates in 2023
 - The current percent load of Bright Choice customers is ~70%



At the current 2024 load distribution:

- 1% change in the Bright Choice value proposition results in a change of \$7.2MM
- 0.25 cent change in the Renewable 100 value proposition results in a change of \$5.3MM



Executive Budget Summary

- In the face of rising energy costs, Ava is able to continue to serve our local community and customers with cost competitive & cleaner energy while providing local jobs and equitable programs
- Rates have increased and PCIA has decreased since 2021, driven by historic increases in market energy prices starting in 2021. Calendar year 2025 is forecasted at a very modest reduction in energy market prices and rates relative to 2024.
- Renewable and carbon free energy has seen a marked increased due to higher demand and these higher prices are also expected to persist through 2030 as more and more renewable energy is demanded from carbon reduction target mandates across CCAs
- With Ava rates indexed to PG&E rates, we are forecasting significant headroom to operate and a strong financial surplus for the upcoming fiscal year
- This Draft Budget includes the following:
 - Value proposition for Bright Choice is increased from a 5% to a 7% discount to PG&E
 - Significant contribution to reserves with waterfall distribution to customers and programs
 - Increased carbon free energy procurement targets
 - Meaningful contribution to local development programs
 - Expand on staff expertise, build more depth, and scale operations further



Summary Draft Budget Fiscal Year 2024-2025

- Revenue estimates are with a 7% discount to PG&E for Bright Choice and a 0.25 cent premium for Renewable 100 customers
- Increases in Cost of Energy are driven by market price volatility with renewable attributes
- Fifteen new staff members are required for expanding operations
- Increases in Non-Operating Revenues are expected from managing treasury funds in higher rate environment
- Local Development estimates lower expenses required this year
- Net result is a 30% reduction in expected net revenues compared to last year

| | FY 2025 | FY 2024 | FY 2024 |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | BUDGET | BUDGET | ACTUALS |
| OPERATING ACTIVITY | | | |
| REVENUE & OTHER SOURCES | | | |
| Electricity Sales | 979,017,000 | 957,028,000 | 927,102,000 |
| Uncollectables | (9,790,000) | (12,095,000) | (11,675,000) |
| Other Operating Revenue | (6,487,000) | (6,642,000) | 8,446,000 |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 962,740,000 | 938,291,000 | 923,873,000 |
| EXPENSES & OTHER USES | | | |
| Cost of Energy | 753,523,000 | 682,367,000 | 671,654,000 |
| Cost of Energy Services | 11,608,000 | 11,219,000 | 11,213,000 |
| Total Energy Operating Expenses | 765,131,000 | 693,586,000 | 682,867,000 |
| Total Overhead Operating Expenses | 45,219,000 | 39,299,000 | 29,727,000 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 810,350,000 | 732,885,000 | 712,594,000 |
| NET OPERATING POSITION | 152,390,000 | 205,406,000 | 211,279,000 |
| NON OPERATING ACTIVITY | | | |
| NON-OPERATING ACTIVITY TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE | 11 700 000 | 1 729 000 | 9 499 000 |
| TOTAL NON-OPERATING EXPENSES | 11,799,000 25,296,000 | 1,728,000 27,650,000 | 8,488,000 26,450,000 |
| | | <u> </u> | |
| NET NON-OPERATING POSITION | (13,497,000) | (25,922,000) | (17,962,000) |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 974,539,000 | 940,019,000 | 932,361,000 |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | 835,646,000 | 760,535,000 | 739,044,000 |
| TOTAL NET REVENUES | 138,893,000 | 179,484,000 | 193,317,000 |
| | | | |

Draft Budget Base Case Assumptions

Revenues

- Changes to Value Proposition
 - Bright Choice from 5% to 7% discount to PG&E
 - No change to Renewable 100
- \$50 bill credit applied to all CARE & FERA customers in first half, totaling about \$6.5MM in bill savings
- Assumes current rates and PCIA are unchanged through 2024
- Rates and PCIA for 2025 are based on nonstressed, or as mean-forecasted, energy rates
- 1.0% uncollectable rate for full fiscal year
- No recognition of GASB 62 revenue (\$34.4MM)
- Non-operating revenue assumes average 4.0% interest rate earned through the fiscal year

Energy Costs

- Costs are derived from a blend of contracted and open positions for all energy and renewable attributes
 - Open prices are non-stressed, mean forecasted
- Carbon free energy (which can include either RE or CO2-free) is above recent Board approved targets by 5%
 - 2024: CF 81% (71% + 10% approved adder)
 - 2025: CF 81% (76% + 5% proposed adder)

Other Costs

- Adding incremental staff of 15 FTE for expanding operations
- Marketing includes new community required mailings and an increase in advertising
- Program funding budgeted at \$23.7MM + forecasted \$19,423,500 for solar/storage incentives derived from budget surplus



Carbon Free Procurement Schedule

| Year | | CA-RPS % | | | |
|------|-------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| rear | Renewable % | Carbon Free % | TCR*-Emission Factor | PSDR-Emission Factor | Renewable % |
| 2018 | 41% | 87% | 101 | n/a | 29% |
| 2019 | 60% | 85% | 135 | n/a | 31% |
| 2020 | 40% | 54% | n/a | 580 | 33% |
| 2021 | 41% | 55% | n/a | 577 | 36% |
| 2022 | 45% | 63% | n/a | 566 | 39% |
| 2023 | 49% | 66% | n/a | 521 | 41% |
| 2024 | 52% | 71% | n/a | 455 | 44% |
| 2025 | 56% | 76% | n/a | 387 | 47% |
| 2026 | 60% | 81% | n/a | 315 | 49% |
| 2027 | 64% | 85% | n/a | 241 | 52 % |
| 2028 | 67% | 90% | n/a | 163 | 55% |
| 2029 | 71% | 95% | n/a | 83 | 57% |
| 2030 | 7 5% | 100% | n/a | - | 60% |

| | | | 2022 | | 2023 | | 2024 |
|------|--------------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| Year | Path Target | Increase | Updated Target | Increase | Updated Target | Increase | Updated Target |
| 2022 | 63% | 5% | 68% | | | | |
| 2023 | 66% | 5% | 71% | 5% | 76 % | | |
| 2024 | 71% | 0% | 71% | 10% | 81% | 0% | 81% |
| 2025 | 76% | 0% | 76% | 0% | 76% | 5% | 81% |
| 2026 | 81% | 0% | 81% | 0% | 81% | 0% | 81% |

- April 2022, the Board approved the "Path to Zero by 2030" for the Bright Choice product as shown in the table to the left
 - Carbon Free percentages reflect renewable energy and large hydro energy
- June 2022, the Board approved 5% increases to the CF targets for calendar years 2022 and 2023 to 68% and 71%, respectively
- June 2023, the Board approved an additional 5% to CF targets for calendar year 2023 and a 10% increase for calendar year 2024 to 76% and 81% respectively
- This year, staff is proposing a 5% increase to CF targets for 2025 to 81%



Reserve Amounts & Proposed Surplus Allocations

- Current Reserve Balance of \$230,873,400 covers 31.5% of FY23/24 operating expenses (OpEx)
- Expected November contribution to raise balance to \$330,873,400 covers 40.8% of FY24/25 OpEx
- Preliminary estimate of FY25/26 OpEx requires similar contribution in November 2025 to maintain parity, largely due to an increase in OpEx from Stockton and Lathrop expansion

| Contribution Year | Contribution | Withdraws | Balance | OpEx to Cover | PctOps |
|--------------------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------|---------------|
| 2018-2019 | 40,513,687 | - | 40,513,687 | 410,686,000 | 9.9% |
| 2019-2020 | 49,704,640 | - | 90,218,327 | 383,045,000 | 23.6% |
| 2020-2021 | - | - | 90,218,327 | 471,897,000 | 19.1% |
| 2021-2022 | 65,655,073 | - | 155,873,400 | 562,667,000 | 27.7% |
| 2022-2023 | 75,000,000 | - | 230,873,400 | 732,885,000 | 31.5% |
| 2023-2024 | 100,000,000 | - | 330,873,400 | 810,350,000 | 40.8% |
| 2024-2025* | 100,000,000 | - | 430,873,400 | 1,003,221,000 | 42.9% |
| | | | | | |

^{*}Proposed contribution with projected operating expenses to cover as of 5/8/2024

- Given the anticipated increase in costs reserves are expected to cover, the recommendation is to allocate the surplus reserves as follows:
 - No working capital is expected to be retained
 - Up to the first \$100MM to be allocated to reserve funds
 - Any remaining budget surplus to be allocated as 50% to one-time on-bill credits for customers and 50% to NBT incentives

| • | Feedback from FAP has been to consider the 60/40 |
|---|---|
| | split to align with intentions of current fiscal year |

| WATERFALL DISTRIBUTION Net Revenues | | 138,893,000 |
|--|------------|--|
| Working Capital Reserve Contribution | | 0 |
| Available for Allocation On-Bill Credit Solar/Storage NBT Incentives | 50% 50% | 38,893,000 19,446,500 19,446,500 |



Draft Budget: Operating Revenues

| | FY 2025 | FY 2024 | FY | FY | FY 2024 |
|-------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------|--------|--------------|
| | BUDGET | BUDGET | Delta | %D | ACTUALS |
| OPERATING ACTIVITY | | | | | |
| REVENUE & OTHER SOURCES | | | | | |
| Electricity Sales | 979,017,000 | 957,028,000 | 21,989,000 | 2.2% | 927,102,000 |
| Uncollectables | (9,790,000) | (12,095,000) | 2,305,000 | -23.5% | (11,675,000) |
| Other Operating Revenue | (6,487,000) | (6,642,000) | 155,000 | -2.4% | 8,446,000 |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE | 962,740,000 | 938,291,000 | 24,449,000 | 2.5% | 923,873,000 |

- Revenues are based on the following assumptions:
 - Bright Choice product increased from a 5% to a 7% discount to PG&E
 - Assumes current rates and PCIA are unchanged through 2024
 - Rates and PCIA for 2025 are non-stressed, or as expected, energy rates from March ERRA filing
- Uncollectables are estimated at 1.0% of sales through the fiscal year
- No planned recognition of GASB 62 existing revenue balance (\$34.4MM)
- Other Operating Revenue
 - 2025 Budget shows a reduction from the distribution of the \$50 CARE/FERA credits expected to be distributed in the first half of the year
 - Current fiscal year CARE/FERA credit is netted in Electricity Sales
 - 2024 Other Operating Revenue Actuals are damages received from defaults from counterparties



Draft Budget: Overview of Operating Expenses

| | FY 2025 | |
|--|-------------|--------|
| | BUDGET | % Cost |
| EXPENSES & OTHER USES | | |
| Cost of Energy | 753,523,000 | 90.2% |
| Cost of Energy Services | 11,608,000 | 1.4% |
| Total Energy Operating Expenses | 765,131,000 | 91.6% |
| Overhead Operating Expenses | | |
| Personnel | 26,592,000 | 3.2% |
| Marketing & Communications | 6,168,000 | 0.7% |
| Legal, Policy, & Regulatory Affairs | 4,104,000 | 0.5% |
| Other Professional Services | 2,088,000 | 0.2% |
| General & Administrative | 5,868,000 | 0.7% |
| Depreciation | 399,000 | 0.0% |
| Total Overhead Operating Expenses | 45,219,000 | 5.4% |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 810,350,000 | |
| NON-OPERATING EXPENSES | | |
| Borrowing Interest | 2,796,000 | 0.3% |
| Local Development Funding | 22,400,000 | 2.7% |
| Total Capital Expenditures | 100,000 | 0.0% |
| TOTAL NON-OPERATING EXPENSES | 25,296,000 | 3.0% |
| OTAL EXPENSES | 835,646,000 | |

- Expenses are divided into three overall cost center categories:
- Energy Operations which includes all energy, energy attributes, and ancillary related costs and the services required to managing energy and attributes, such as scheduling, data management, and customer billing
 - This category comprises more than 90% of Ava's total expenses
- Overhead Operations which includes all personnel and staffing needs as well as work function cost centers required to manage the organization at large, and is about 5% of total expenses
- Non-Operating Expenses which are all capital and capital transfer related costs



Draft Budget: Energy Expenses

| | FY 2025 | FY 2024 | FY 2024 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | BUDGET | BUDGET | ACTUALS |
| EXPENSES & OTHER USES | | | |
| Cost of Energy | 753,523,000 | 682,367,000 | 658,262,000 |
| Cost of Energy Services | 11,608,000 | 11,219,000 | 11,213,000 |
| Total Energy Operating Expenses | 765,131,000 | 693,586,000 | 669,475,000 |





We are seeing upward pressure on renewable energy costs that is estimated could increase 2024 REC costs by ~\$20MM, which would be partially offset by PCIA reductions in 2025

Energy Costs

- Costs are derived from a blend of contracted and open positions for all energy, attributes, and RA
 - Open prices are non-stressed, or mean forecasted
 - FY 2025 overall price projections are about 10% higher than FY 2024 actuals on average
 - Material increases in RA, RECs, Carbon Free Energy, and market prices
- Carbon Free targets are above baseline targets by 10% in calendar year 2024 and 5% in 2025 to maintain 81% coverage
 - 2024: CF 71% → 81% (Board approved)
 - 2025: CF 76% → 81% (proposed)
 - Adds up to \$8.5MM in costs for FY 2025
- Note: We are still in a period of historically high prices with forecasted market energy ~2x the historical 10-year average and is expected to persist into future years

Draft Budget: Overhead Expenses

| | | FY 2025 | FY 2024 | FY 2024 |
|-------------------------------------|----|------------|------------|------------|
| | | BUDGET | BUDGET | ACTUALS |
| EXPENSES & OTHER USES | | | | |
| Overhead Operating Expenses | | | | |
| Personnel | D1 | 26,592,000 | 21,911,000 | 18,015,000 |
| Marketing & Communications | D2 | 6,168,000 | 5,303,000 | 3,046,000 |
| Legal, Policy, & Regulatory Affairs | D3 | 4,104,000 | 3,509,000 | 2,175,000 |
| Other Professional Services | D4 | 2,088,000 | 2,505,000 | 1,790,000 |
| General & Administrative | D5 | 5,868,000 | 5,711,000 | 4,488,000 |
| Depreciation | D6 | 399,000 | 360,000 | 213,000 |
| Total Overhead Operating Expenses | | 45,219,000 | 39,299,000 | 29,727,000 |

Material Overhead Items for FY 24-25:

- Personnel costs are increasing due to adding 15 new positions to accommodate expanding operational needs
- Increase in Marketing costs are due to increases in advertising and required mailings for the inclusion of Stockton and Lathrop
 - Includes approx. \$1.6MM of programs related marketing costs
- Increases in Legal costs are due to additional volume of consulting/vendor agreements and new power contracts
- Additional staffing efforts have reduced consulting services costs
- G&A has no marked change
- Depreciation increases slightly with procurement of equipment and office componentsc



Draft Budget: Personnel

| | FY 2025 | FY 2024 | FY 2023 |
|----------------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| | DRAFT BUDGET | BUDGET | BUDGET |
| PERSONNEL | | | |
| Salaries & Wages | 19,765,000 | 16,587,000 | 11,598,000 |
| Retirement | 2,450,000 | 2,058,000 | 1,544,000 |
| Health Care/Benefits | 3,961,000 | 2,913,000 | 2,292,000 |
| Payroll Expenses | 416,000 | 353,000 | 277,000 |
| Total | 26,592,000 | 21,911,000 | 15,711,000 |

- FY 2023 Budget was set for 68 FTE to accommodate additional workflow in all areas.
- FY 2024 Budget was set for 15 additional FTE (83 total) to accommodate additional workflow in all areas with scaling operations
- FY 2025 Budget seeks to add an additional 15 FTE (98 total) to accommodate additional workflow in all areas. Additional headcount will expand on internal expertise, build more depth, and help scale operations further
 - FTE Count: 4 Local Development, 4 Power Resources, 2 Legal/Policy, 2 Marketing, 2 Finance, 1 HR
 - COLA: 3%
 - Promotions/Wage Adjustments: 2%
 - Merit-based Compensation: 13%
 - Note: In 2023-2024, Ava adjusted compensation structure to standardize pay scales and create merit-based compensation as a way to reduce pay bias in salaries as a DEI initiative



Draft Budget: New Personnel Assignments

- Finance is looking to fill two additional positions to facilitate additional accounting controls and keep up with structuring financing needs
- Human Resources needs additional support to facilitate the higher staffing needs
- Local Development is hiring staff to assist with the development of key programs scheduled for launch and growth this next fiscal year
- Marketing needs additional support for expanding outreach and advertising
- Power Resources is hiring to keep up with contracting and portfolio management as more longer-term contracts are established
- Public Policy & Legal are looking to provide more Board and committee support and stay informed on rapidly changing relevant policies

| Title | Functional Area |
|---|------------------------|
| 1 Controller | Finance |
| 2 Structured Finance Manager | Finance |
| 3 HR Operations Manager | Human Resources |
| 4 Contracts Manager | Local Development |
| 5 DCFC Product Manager | Local Development |
| 6 Project Manager | Local Development |
| 7 Strategic Accounts and Product Designer | Local Development |
| 8 Marketing Associate | Marketing |
| 9 Outreach Coordinator | Marketing |
| 10 Contract Manager | Power Resources |
| 11 Contracts Analyst | Power Resources |
| 12 RA Portfolio Analyst | Power Resources |
| 13 Settlements Analyst | Power Resources |
| 14 Assistant Board Clerk | Public Policy & Legal |
| 15 Regulatory Analyst | Public Policy & Legal |



Draft Budget: Non-Operating Activity

| | FY 2025 | FY 2024 | FY 2024 |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | BUDGET | BUDGET | ACTUALS |
| NON-OPERATING ACTIVITY | | | |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUE | | | |
| Interest Income | 11,400,000 | 1,680,000 | 7,762,000 |
| Grants | 350,000 | 0 | 677,000 |
| Other Non-Operating Revenue | 49,000 | 48,000 | 49,000 |
| TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE | 11,799,000 | 1,728,000 | 8,488,000 |
| NON-OPERATING EXPENSES | | | |
| Borrowing Interest | 2,796,000 | 1,650,000 | 950,000 |
| Local Development Funding | 22,400,000 | 25,500,000 | 25,500,000 |
| Total Capital Expenditures | 100,000 | 500,000 | 0 |
| TOTAL NON-OPERATING EXPENSES | 25,296,000 | 27,650,000 | 26,450,000 |
| NET NON-OPERATING POSITION | (13,497,000) | (25,922,000) | (17,962,000) |

Non-Operational Revenue:

- Interest earned is based on expected returns for the managed treasury accounts for reserve funds, currently estimated at 4.0% annual returns average through the fiscal year and interest earned on the BlocPower loan (5.5% on \$500k)
- Other revenue is rent from AT&T tower on new building
- Contributions from PPA's for workforce development grants are estimated \$350,000

Non-Operational Expenses:

- Borrowing Interest are costs associated with Ava's credit facility held with US Bank
- Local Development Funding is a capital transfer to the Local Development Fund
- Minor capital expenditures for office related items such as furniture



Draft Budget: Local Development

| | FY 2025 | FY 2024 |
|-------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| | DRAFT BUDGET | BUDGET |
| Critical Municipal Facilities | 7,000,000 | - |
| Health-e-Communities | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 |
| DCFC Network | 3,000,000 | 3,600,000 |
| Ava e-Bike | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Building Electrification | 2,000,000 | 3,500,000 |
| Community Grants | 1,200,000 | 1,400,000 |
| Vehicle Electrification | 1,000,000 | 6,000,000 |
| Legal Expense | 500,000 | - |
| Solar + Storage | 500,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Subscription | 200,000 | - |
| Demand Response | - | 2,000,000 |
| Total | 22,400,000 | 25,500,000 |
| Potential to S+S* | 19,446,000 | 22,683,000 |
| Estimated with Surplus | 41,846,000 | 48,183,000 |

^{*}Estimated amounts from surplus net revenues waterfall allocations

Local Development

- Resilience:
 - \$7M Resilient Critical Municipal Facility Microgrids
 - \$0.5M Performance payments for Solar & Storage incentive Program
- Building Electrification
 - \$5M Health-e Communities induction stove direct installation program
 - \$2M Electrification incentive program
- Transportation Electrification
 - \$3M Ongoing development of Public DC Fast charging network
 - \$2M Ave e-Bike incentive Program
 - \$1M EV managed charging Program
- Community Grants
 - \$1.2M Community Grants
- Legal Expenses / Subscriptions \$0.7M



Thank you!



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