

Staff Report Item 18

То:	Ava Community Energy Authority
From:	Jason Bartlett, Senior Finance Manager
Subject:	Fiscal Year 2023-2024 Budget to Actuals and Surplus Allocations
Date:	November 20, 2024

Recommendation

Receive a report on Ava's actual financial performance to approved budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, reconciliation of net revenues from the budget to net position from the audit, and the resulting surplus revenue allocations.

Background and Discussion

June 21, 2023, the Board of Directors (the "Board") approved the fiscal year budget for July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024 by resolution R-2023-37.

Budget to Actuals Comparison

Overall, performance of the actual revenues and expenses were within 1.6% of budgeted amounts. General highlights are as follows:

- Operating revenues were slightly under by 2%
- Operating expenditures were slightly higher by 1.6%
- Interest returns on cash holdings were higher than expected due to high interest rates through the year
- Recovered damages from undelivered contracts also contributed to net revenues
- ~\$10.5MM was recognized from GASB 62 Rate Stabilization Fund (RSF) for customer on-bill credits from the previous fiscal year (FY2022-2023) net revenues

- ~\$37.4MM was deferred to GASB 62 RSF in accordance with Board approved waterfall (discussed later in this memo)
- Actual net revenues were \$176.9MM compared to budgeted \$179.8MM Table 1 provides the line item details on the actual performance compared to budget

REVENUES	Budget	Actuals	
Electricity Sales	950,386,000	927,809,610	-2.4%
Uncollectable	(12,095,000)	(8,586,671)	-29.0%
Total Revenue and Other Sources	938,291,000	919,222,939	-2.0%
EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES			
OPERATING EXPENDITURES			
Cost of Energy	682,367,000	707,476,247	3.7%
Data Management/Customer Service	7,769,000	7,729,768	-0.5%
PG&E Service Fees	2,719,000	2,723,416	0.2%
CAISO Scheduling Coordinator	731,000	708,964	-3.0%
Personnel	21,911,000	16,269,116	-25.7%
Marketing & Communications	5,303,000	2,582,110	-51.3%
Legal, Policy, & Regulatory Affairs	3,509,000	1,368,407	-61.0%
Other Professional Services	2,505,000	1,383,794	-44.8%
General & Administrative	5,711,000	4,332,803	-24.1%
Total Current Expenditures	732,525,000	744,574,625	1.6%
OTHER SOURCES & USES			
Investment Income	1,680,000	13,149,786	682.7%
Other Income	48,000	445,263	827.6%
Liquidated Damages	-	15,330,202	100.0%
Interest & Financing Costs	(1,650,000)	(780,181)	-52.7%
Local Development Transfer	(25,500,000)	(25,500,000)	0.0%
Capital Expenditures *	(500,000)	(390,397)	-21.9%
Total Other Sources & Uses	(25,922,000)	2,254,673	-108.7%
GROSS INCREASE (DECREASE)	179,844,000	176,902,987	-1.6%
Revenue Recognized from Rate Stabilization Fund**	-	10,504,837	100.0%
Revenue Deferred to Rate Stabilization Fund	(29,844,000)	(37,407,824)	25.3%
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) ***	150,000,000	150,000,000	0.0%

^{*} Depreciation has been removed and is expressed as Capital Expenditures

Budget Net Revenues to Audit Net Position Reconciliation

The Budget is an internal proforma document set at the discretion of the Board. The financial statements in the Audit are standardized by generally accepted accounting

^{**} Amount not determinable at time of budget approval

^{***} Net Increase is allocated to working capital and reserves

principles (GAAP) and have additional rules set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB)

Ava drafts each budget in accordance with industry best practices and does best efforts to align with GAAP and GASB standards, but fundamental differences exist and reconciliation should be defined.

As presented in the audited financial statements, the change in net position was approximately \$172.7MM, and the net revenues from budget actuals is \$176.9MM.

Table 2 provides the reconciliation by line item between the audited net position and the budget actuals net revenues.

Reconciled Item	Details	Amount	Balance
Audited Net Position	Includes GASB 62 Net Deferral		172,677,755
Depreciation	Accrued depreciation of assets	(699,331)	173,377,086
LD Budget Allocation	Budgeted capital transfer to Programs	25,500,000	147,877,086
LD Revenue from Grants	FY 23/24 grant revenue in Programs	1,440,935	146,436,151
LD Actual Expenses	Actual FY 23/24 Program expenses	(4,321,877)	150,758,028
Capital Outlay	Capital reconcilliation	390,397	150,367,631
GASB 87 Lease	Lease obligations outstanding as of 6/30/2024	367,631	150,000,000

The remaining \$150MM balance is allocated to reserve funds and working capital and is described in further details in the next section of this report.

Budget Surplus Waterfall Allocations

On January 17, 2024, the Board approved resolution R-2024-2 to more clearly define how to allocate the budget surplus. The final allocation waterfall of surplus budget revenues is to be contributed in the following manner:

- The first \$50 million is to be retained for working capital needs
- The next \$100 million is to be allocated to reserve funds
- The remaining balance is to be allocated as:
 - 60% dedicated to on-bill credits to customers with some portion specifically applied to CARE and FERA customers (recommendations will be presented in Item 18 in this meeting)
 - 40% dedicated to incentives for clean storage investment for net-billing tariff projects with an emphasis on resilience development

Table 3 shows the budgeted and actual allocations of the waterfall items

	Allocation	Budget	Actuals	% Change
Revenues After Operations & Other Uses		179,484,000	176,902,987	-1.4%
GASB 62 RSF Recognition		-	10,504,837	100.0%
Net Revenues		179,484,000	187,407,824	4.4%
Contributions				
Working Capital	50,000,000	129,484,000	137,407,824	6.1%
Reserve Funds	100,000,000	29,484,000	37,407,824	26.9%
Remaining				
On-Bill Credits	60%	17,690,400	22,444,694	26.9%
Net Billing Tariff Program	40%	11,793,600	14,963,130	26.9%

Reserve Fund Balance

The Reserve Fund, as established by R-2021-2 and governed by policy P10.1, works to provide a suitable cash balance to guard against expense shocks. The fund balance is set to meet annual operating expense targets. These targets meet Ava financial objectives, including but not limited to:

- Securing favorable commercial terms with vendors and power providers
- Maintain Ava's "A Stable" credit rating
- Provide funds for unanticipated expenditures
- Maintain long-term Ava financial independence and rate stability

Table 4 shows the annual contributions and withdraws to reserve funds, reserve balances, annual operating expenses, and percent of operating expense coverage provided by the reserve fund balance.

Contribution Year	Contribution	Withdraws	Balance	Operating Expenses	PctCoverage
2018-2019	40,513,687	-	40,513,687	410,686,000	9.9%
2019-2020	49,704,640	-	90,218,327	383,045,000	23.6%
2020-2021	-	-	90,218,327	471,897,000	19.1%
2021-2022	65,655,073	-	155,873,400	562,667,000	27.7%
2022-2023	75,000,000	-	230,873,400	732,885,000	31.5%
2023-2024	100,000,000	-	330,873,400	810,350,000	40.8%

Fiscal Impact

There is no net impact on the current budget. There will be the recognition of the amount to cover on-bill credits from the RSF as revenue to offset the reduced revenues provided by the on-bill credit to customers.

Committee Recommendation

This was reviewed by the Finance, Administrative, & Procurement subcommittee on November 13, 2024 as an informational item. All matters raised in that meeting have been addressed in this memorandum.

Attachment
A. Presentation

FY 2023-2024 Budget Surplus, Waterfall Allocations, and Reserve Fund Balance

Board of Directors

November 20, 2024





FY 2024 Budget to Actuals

Overall, actuals came in very much aligned with net budget expectations:

- Revenue slightly under by 2%
- Overall Operating Expenditures higher by 1.6%
- Other Sources & Uses had largest variance due to elevated interest rates through the year and damages recovered from undelivered contracts
- ~\$10.5MM was recognized from GASB 62 Rate Stabilization Fund for customer On-Bill Credits from FY 2022-2023 net revenues
- ~\$37.4MM deferred to GASB 62 Rate Stabilization Fund in accordance with Board approved waterfall (discussed further)

EVENUES	Attachment Budget Attachment Staff Rep		
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Ava drafts each budget in accordance with industry best practices and does best efforts to align with GAAP and GASB standards, but fundamental differences exist and reconciliation should be defined.

The table below reconciles the audited Net Position increase to the budget actuals Net Revenues

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Waterfall Discussion

June 21, 2023, the Board of Directors (BOD) approved the fiscal year budget for July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024 by Resolution R-2023-37.

This resolution allocated surplus revenues to abide by a waterfall of contributions in the following manner:

- The first \$50 million to be retained for working capital needs
- The next \$100 million to be allocated to reserve funds
- The remaining balance was to be split with 50% being allocated to long-term renewable energy and/or clean storage investments and 50% to be determined at a future date

January 17, 2024, the BOD approved Resolution R-2024-2, to restructure and more clearly define the remaining balance allocations as:

- 60% to be dedicated to on-bill credits with some portions specifically applied to CARE and FERA customers
- 40% to be dedicated to incentives for clean storage investments as incentives for net-billing tariff projects with an emphasis on resilience development.



Waterfall Distribution

In accordance with Board resolutions R-2023-37 and R-2024-2, the allocation of net revenues is as follows:

- The first \$50 million is recognized and retained for working capital needs
- The next \$100 million is recognized and added to the reserve fund balance
- The remaining amount is deferred to the GASB 62 Rate Stabilization Fund to be recognized in the following manner:
 - \$22,444,694 to be applied to customer bills as a credit in the current fiscal year
 - \$14,963,130 to be applied as program incentives for net billing tariff solar & storage program

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2023-2024	100,000,000	-	330,873,400	810,350,000	40.8%



Thank you!



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